

Organic waste WITHOUT contaminants

- **Organic waste** such as fruit and vegetable peelings, egg shells, tea and coffee residues or food leftovers is **produced every day** in the home and quickly adds up to a lot. **Biowaste makes up about a third of household waste.**
- If the waste consists of **100% organic material**, it can be converted into **organic fertiliser** and **energy-rich biogas.**
- Contaminants must be filtered out in a labour-intensive process. **Heavily contaminated organic waste cannot be recycled.** It must be disposed of like household waste, **which is expensive!**



We're
only content,
with 100 percent!

Please never use biodegradable plastic bags.

They cannot be processed in our fermentation plant. Newspaper or paper bags are the best and cheapest solution!



Everyone can help.

Recycling **uncontaminated biowaste** makes a valuable contribution to the sustainable energy transformation.

The collected biowaste is used to produce **organic liquid fertiliser and biogas**, which is converted into electricity and heat.

Clean biowaste generates clean electricity!

You can also find more information and sorting instructions in other languages on our website:
www.rh-entsorgung.de/de/Abfall-Infos/Bioabfall
or scan this QR-Code:



Our service team is also happy to assist you personally:

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Disposing of organic waste correctly!

Tips & info



Tips & tricks for your organic waste bin

If you follow a few tips and tricks, your new organic waste bin will stay dry and clean and free of unpleasant smells.

Good care is very simple:



- Place a **thick layer of crumpled newspaper or egg cartons** on the bottom of the bio bin before filling it for the first time and after each emptying to absorb liquids
- **Use paper bags (e.g. from bread rolls) or newspaper to line** your kitchen pre-sorter
- **Let** wet waste (e.g. coffee filters or tea bags) **dry before putting in the bin**
- Wrap meat, cold cuts, cheese and fish scraps in **newspaper or a paper bag** before placing in the bio bin
- If liquid collects in the bin, add **crumpled newspaper or egg cartons between the layers** and **add sawdust or stone dust**
- **Clean** the waste bin and lid **regularly**



What your organic waste bin **likes**...

Yes, that belongs in the bio bin:



- Flowers, potted plants (without pot)
- Eggshells
- Bones and leftovers (also cooked)
- Coffee grounds and tea bags
- Fruit and vegetable waste, potato peelings
- Kitchen roll paper
- Paper handkerchiefs and napkins
- Newspaper for wrapping kitchen waste
- Fruit scraps and nutshells
- Small quantities of tree and shrub cuttings
- Grass cuttings, leaves and aerated material
- Straw and hay
- Wood chips from untreated wood
- Feathers and hair
- Leftover bread and bakery products
- Fish and meat scraps
- Cheese ends (only with a natural rind)
- Dairy leftovers (no pots, no milk)
- Salad leftovers
- Weeds



...and what **not!!**

No, that can't go in:



- All plastics, glass and metals
- Flowerpots
- Tights, stockings
- Ash
- Treated wood
- Liquid cooking oils
- Packaged food
- Salami/sausage skins
- Dog and cat litter
- Hygiene articles, nappies
- Candle remains
- Leather offcuts
- Wallpaper
- Plastic bags
- Vacuum cleaner bags
- Road sweepings
- Glossy paper
- Other residual waste and recyclable materials



For hygienic reasons,
no manure or pet droppings should be placed in the organic waste bin.

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